

## आयुक्त का कार्यालय Office of the Commissioner

केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील अहमदाबाद आयुक्तालय Central GST, Appeals Ahmedabad Commissionerate जीएसटी भवन, राजस्व मार्ग, अम्बावाड़ी, अहमदाबाद-380015

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(क)	फ़ाइल संख्या / File No.	GAPPL/COM/STP/4811/2023 (4339 - 43				
(ख)	अपील आदेश संख्याऔर दिनांक / Order-In –Appeal and date	AHM-EXCUS-001-APP-325/2023-24 and 20.03.2024				
(ग)	पारित किया गया / Passed By	श्री ज्ञानचंद जैन, आयुक्त (अपील) Shri Gyan Chand Jain, Commissioner (Appeals)				
(ঘ)	जारी करने की दिनांक / Date of Issue	21.03.2024				
(ङ)	Arising out of Order-In-Original No. 78/WSO8/AC/KSZ/2023-24 dated 11.05.2023 passed by The Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division VIII, Ahmedabad South.					
(च)	अपीलकर्ता का नाम और पता / Name and Address of the Appellant M/s Monika Dineshbhai Dave, Proprietor of Deepal Logistic, D-204, Binori Pristine, Near hetvee tower la Anandnagar Road, Satellite, Ahmedabad					

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील-आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील अथवा पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है, जैसा कि ऐसे आदेश के विरुद्ध हो सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way.

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन:-

#### Revision application to Government of India:

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली: 110001 को की जानी चाहिए:-

A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid:

(क) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार खाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में एवं से निक्क किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रकिया के दौरान हुई हो।

In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलें में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है। In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

(घ) अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो डयूटी केडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं 2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनाँक से तीन मास के भीतरमूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(3) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये या उससे कम होतो रूपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्नरकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवा कर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपीलः-Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

- (1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गतः-Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-
- (2) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलों के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2<sup>nd</sup> माला, बहुमाली भवन, असरवा, गिरधरनागर, अहमदाबाद-380004।

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2<sup>nd</sup>floor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. In case of appeals other than as mentioned above para.

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registar of a branch of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल ओदश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता हैं।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संषोधित की अनुसूची -1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूलआदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रू 6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention in invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) एके प्रति अपीलो के मामले में कर्तव्यमांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवाकर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा कर्तव्य की मांग (Duty Demanded)।

- (1) खंड (Section) 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (2) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशिय;
- (3) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि।

यह पूर्व जमा ' लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना मेंए अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है।

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994).

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

(6) (i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."

### ORDER-IN-APPEAL

The present appeal has been filed by M/s Monika Dineshbhai Dave, Proprietor of Deepak Logistic, D-204, Binori Pristine, Near Hetvee Tower Lane, Anandnagar Road, Satellite, Ahmedabad (hereinafter referred to as "the appellant") against Order in Original No. 78/WS08/AC/KSZ/20223-24 dated 11.05.2023 [hereinafter referred to as "the impugned order"] passed by the Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division –VIII, Ahmedabad South (hereinafter referred to as "the adjudicating authority").

2. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the appellant having service tax registration No. AELPD8902RSD001 are found under discrepancy between the gross value of services declared in Income Tax and TDS returns compared to the Service Tax returns for the financial year 2015-16. The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) forwarded this analysis to the Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC). It appears that the appellant may have mis-declared the gross value of services in the Service Tax Returns, resulting in underpayment or non-payment of applicable service tax. Due to the appellant's failure to provide required details, the service tax liability is being calculated accordingly.

Sr.	Period	Taxable Value i.e. value	Rate of	Service Tax
No.	(F.Y.)	difference in sales of	Service	payable (in
		service as per ITR/TDS	Tax incl.	Rs.)
		& STR (in Rs.)	Cess	
1.	2015-16	43,07,505/-	14.5%	6,24,588/-

Show Notice No. The appellant were issued Cause 3. CGST/WS0802/O&A/TPD(15-16)/AELPD8902R/2020-21 dated 21.12.2020 proposing to demand and recover Service Tax amounting to Rs. 6,24,588/- for the period F.Y. 2015-16, under proviso to Section 73 (1) of Finance Act, 1994 along with interest under Section 75 of the Act. The SCN also proposed imposition of penalty under Section 77 and Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994.

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- 4. The Show Cause Notice was adjudicated, ex-parte, vide the impugned order by the adjudicating authority wherein the demand of Service Tax amounting to Rs. 6,24,588/- was confirmed under proviso to Sub-Section (1) of Section 73 of the Finance Act, 1994 along with Interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994 for the period F.Y. 2015-16. Further (i) Penalty of Rs. 6,24,588/- was imposed on the appellant under Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994; and (ii) Penalty of Rs. 10,000/- under Section 77(2) of the Finance Act, 1994 for failure to assess the tax due on the service provided by them and furnish a return in the format of ST-3return within the specified time.
- 5. Aggrieved by the impugned order, the appellant has preferred this appeal on following grounds:
- > The appellant, Mrs. Monika Dineshbhai Dave, proprietor of Deepak Logistics, appealed against an order based on several grounds
- > The appellant have submitted that their address has been changed.
- ➤ Deepak Logistics was registered under the Finance Act, 1994, for providing GTA Service-Transport of Goods by Road.
- > The appellant claimed that notices regarding financial details and a Show Cause Notice were not served, leading to non-compliance due to a change of address.
- > The appellant argued for abatement provisions under Notification No. 26/2012-ST, reducing the effective service tax rate on GTA service to 3.09%.
- > The appellant contended that Reverse Charged Mechanism applied, shifting liability to the service receiver, and provided sample invoices to support their claim for exemption.
- The appellant objected to the imposition of interest and penalty, arguing that since tax was not payable, these should be removed.

- 6. Personal Hearing in the case was held on 12.03.2024. Shri Amrish
- J. Amin, Advocate appeared for Personal Hearing on behalf of the appellant. He informed that his client is GTA and provides Transport service to corporate clients who are liable to pays service tax in RCM.
- 7. The appellant have submitted following documents (A) copy of ITR Acknowledgement for F.Y. 2015-16, (B) copy of Form 26AS certificate for F.Y. 2015-16, (C) copy of Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet, (D) copy of sample invoices, (E) copy of ST-3 return for both the halves of F.Y. 2015-16.
- 8. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case available on record, grounds of appeal in the appeal memorandum, oral submissions made during personal hearing, the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority and other case records. The issue before me for decision in the present appeal is whether the demand of service tax amounting to Rs.9,21,644/- confirmed under proviso to Section 73 (1) of Finance Act, 1994 along with interest, and penalties vide the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority in the facts and circumstances of the case is legal and proper or otherwise. The demand pertains to the period F.Y. 2015-16.
  - 9. Upon reviewing the appellant's written submission during the filing of Appeal Memorandum, Oral submission and additional submission filed during the time of personal hearing, it is observed that the appellant claimed that they are engaged in providing Goods Transport Service. They further claim that they are not liable to pay service tax as they provided service to the business entities registered as Private Limited Company.
  - 9.2 To qualify as a Goods Transport Agency (GTA) Service provider it is essential to issue a consignment note. The definition of GTA is presented below:

"goods transport agency" means any person who provides service in relation to transport of goods by road and states

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consignment note, by whatever name called; Thus, it can be seen that issuance of a consignment note is the sine-quanon for a supplier of service to be considered as a Goods Transport Agency.

- The appellant failed to produce consignment notes but instead 9.3 they have produced sample invoice copies. On going through the invoices, it becomes apparent that the appellant issued invoices to Private Limited Companies and other firms whose constitution couldn't be conclusively determined solely by their names. For instances, invoices were issued to M/s. Sanpack Barrier Firms Pvt. Ltd. and M/s. Savino Micron India Pvt. Ltd., where their status as Private Limited Companies could be inferred from their names. However, there were also invoices issued to entities like Yash Chemex Inc. and Mourya Pigments, submitted by the appellant, where it remains unclear whether they are Private Limited Companies or not, this aspect needs verification. Furthermore, the adjudicating authority issued impugned order exparte. The adjudicating authority failed to examine this aspect at all. Therefore, it is in the fitness of the thing that the matter is remanded back for fresh adjudication, ensuring adherence to the principles of natural justice.
- 10. In view of the above discussion and findings the order is set aside and the appeal is allowed by way of remand.
- 11. अपील कर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है | The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.

ज्ञानचंद जैन

आयुक्त (अपील्स)

Dated: 20 March, 2024



सत्यापित / Attrested:
(अपरेन्द्र कुमार) अधीक्षक (अपील्स) केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अहमदाबाद

# By RPAD / SPEED POST

To,
M/s Kaydee Cargo,
Proprietor of Priyanka J. Shah,
41, Kaycrest, Near Parimal Garden,
C.G. Road, Ahmedabad-380006

# Copy to:

- 1) The Principal Chief Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad Zone
- 2) The Principal Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad South
- 3) The Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division VI, Ahmedabad South
- 4) The Supdt.(Systems) Appeals Ahmedabad, with a request to upload on Website,
- Guard File
- 6) PA file



